The Status of Women in Hardeman County



STATUS OF WOMEN IN HARDEMAN COUNTY: AN OVERVIEW

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Indicator	DATA	COUNTY
		RANKING
		(of 95 Counties)
COMPOSITE EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS INDEX	52.80	64
Women's Annual Earnings	\$20,759	56
Women's Earnings as a Percentage of Men's Earnings (Wage Gap)	74.6%	27
Women's Labor Force Participation Rate	40.1%	70
Female Unemployment Rate	7.5%	75
Women in Managerial or Professional Occupations	27.9%	36
COMPOSITE ECONOMIC AUTONOMY INDEX	63.00	83
Businesses that are Women-Owned (% of total)	24.4%	32
Women with a Four-Year College Degree (%)	8.3%	74
Women With a High School Diploma (%)	68.5%	51
Female High School Dropout Rate	12.2%	79
Women with any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage (%)	94.9%	16
Women Earning Incomes Below the Poverty Level (%)	20.6%	80
Single Female-Headed Households Living In Poverty (%)	17.7%	93
Adolescent Pregnancy Rate (Ages 10-19)	40.4	79

Report Overview: This publication on the Status of Women in Hardeman County is part of a statewide publication of the Tennessee Economic Council on Women, *The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties, 2004*. The Economic Council on Women is a State agency created under TCA § 4-50-100, et seq. by the One Hundredth General Assembly in 1998 to address the economic needs of Tennessee women.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties HARDEMAN

Women have taken remarkable strides towards economic equality, from education to earnings to political participation. Women are now pursuing goals such as business ownership, leadership roles in their careers, and election to state and federal political office. However, obstacles still exist in the climb toward equality. Nation-wide, equal numbers of men and women are obtaining four-year college degrees; however, these gains have not translated into pay equity. The average college-educated woman working full time earns \$44,200 a year compared to \$61,800 for men in the same category. Women are still under-represented in many of the highest paying, fastest growing sectors of the economy. Helping women break into these traditionally male-dominated areas like computer science, engineering, mathematics and technology, as well as all skilled-labor positions, gives women tools for self-sufficiency and understanding of their personal capabilities, and these advances are good for the economy of our counties and of our state.

Employment and Earnings

The employment and earnings index includes data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation, female unemployment, and percentages of women in professional or managerial occupations.

- ♦ Women in Hardeman County have median annual earnings of \$20,759, close to \$7,000 less than the median earnings of men in the county.
- Only 40.1% percent of women participate in the work force; however women still represent 47.8% of the county labor force.
- \diamond The female unemployment rate in the county (7.5%) is significantly higher than the overall unemployment rate of 6.6%.
- In Hardeman County 27.9% of employed women work in managerial or professional occupations. Only 21.7% of all employed persons in the county work in such professions.

Economic Autonomy

The economic autonomy index includes information on educational attainment, business ownership and general quality of life issues.

- ♦ 68.5% of women in Hardeman County have a high school diploma or equivalency which is just higher than the percentage of all county residents (66.7%), but a considerable 12.2% of females drop out of high school in the county.
- ♦ Hardeman County has an adolescent pregnancy rate of 40.4 women per 1,000 aged 10-19, which is high compared to neighboring counties: Claiborne County (26.1), Grainger County (24.7), and Hawkins County (28.1).
- Only 8.3% of women in the county have a four-year college degree, but the percentage of women with such a degree is higher than the percentage of men in the county. 7.8% of all residents have at least a bachelor's degree.
- ♦ In Hardeman County, 20.6% of women earn incomes below the poverty level.
- ♦ Though 16.9% of families in the county are in poverty, 37.6% of families with a female householder and no husband present live in poverty in Hardeman County.
- ♦ Only 24.4% of the businesses in Hardeman County are owned by women but women-owned businesses account for just 4.2% of sales and receipts from private firms in the county.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties HARDEMAN

		Hardeman County	Rank of Harde- man County	Highest Ranking County
	Median Annual Earnings for			
Earnings	FT Females	\$20,759	56	Williamson: \$32,243
	Wage Gap	74.6%	27	Davidson: 82.1%
Employment	Female Labor Force Partici- pation Rate	40.1%	70	Rutherford: 50.9%
	pation Rate	40.170	70	reatherford. 50.570
	Female Unemployment Rate	7.5%	75	Pickett: 1.5%
	Percent of Employed Fe-			
	males in Management, Prof.,			
	and Related Occupations	27.9%	36	Anderson: 44.6%
	Women Owned Business % of Total	24.4%	32	Moore: 63.3%
	01 10tai	24.470	32	мионе. 03.376
	% of Females with 4 Year			
Education	Degree or Better	8.3%	74	Williamson: 39.5%
	% of Females with High			
	School Diploma (or equiva- lency)	68.5%	51	Williamson: 90.6%
	Female Dropout Rate	12.2%	79	Clay/Pickett: 0.0%
	remaie Dropout Kate	12,2/0	1)	Clay/1 lekett. 0.0/0
	% of Women with any kind			
Lifestyles	of Health Insurance Cover- age	94.9%	16	Williamson: 100%
	% of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	20.6%	80	Williamson: 5.4%
			-	
	% of all Female Headed Households with Children in			
	Poverty	17.7%	93	Williamson: 2.5%
	Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	40.4	79	Williamson: 1.2%

ABOUT THE COUNCIL AND THIS REPORT

Hardeman County

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties report offers an economic profile of women in each county of Tennessee and examines how women's rights and equality vary among the counties. The report presents data and overall rankings in two categories of women's economic status: employment and earnings and economic autonomy. Indicators of women's status in each category make up the composite rankings of the counties.

The employment and earnings section presents data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation rate, the female unemployment rate, and the percentage of women in managerial occupations.

The economic autonomy section includes information on the percentage of businesses owned by women, educational attainment levels, percentage of households headed by a single female, single female headed households living in poverty, percentage of women with health insurance, the high school dropout rate and the teen pregnancy rate.

The **Tennessee Economic Council on Women** was created in 1998 by the Tennessee General Assembly to assess Tennessee women's economic status. The Council develops and advocates solutions to address women's needs in order to help women achieve economic autonomy. In setting its priorities, the Council selects issues that are timely and likely to result in positive changes for women.

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Visit the Tennessee Economic Council on Women at www.tennesseewomen.org

Sources				
Earnings and Employment				
Median Annual Earnings for Full Time Employed Females	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Wage Gap (Female Earnings as a Percentage of Earnings)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Female Labor Force Participation Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Female Unemployment Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of Employed Females in Management, Professional, and Related Occupations	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Economic Autonomy				
Women-owned Business, Percent of total	Economic Census, 1997			
Percent of Females w/4yr Degree or Better	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of Females with a High School Diploma (or equivalency)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Female Dropout Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of Women with Any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002			
Percent of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002			
Voter Demographics and Elected County Officials	National Association of Counties			